

Quarterly Financial Results for Third Quarter, F.Y. 2082/83

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Fig in NPR.

Particulars	Unaudited		Audited	
	At the end of this Quarter	Up to this Quarter (YTD)	At the end of Immediate Previous Year	Up to this Quarter (YTD)
Assets:				
Goodwill & Intangible Assets	35,402,265		36,639,039	
Property and Equipment	366,671,150		421,721,235	
Investment Properties	-		-	
Deferred Tax Assets	28,619,104		15,432,624	
Investment in Subsidiaries	-		-	
Investment in Associates	-		-	
Investments	25,667,256,793		21,255,552,938	
Loans	1,896,625,693		1,627,236,021	
Reinsurance Assets	15,777,414		6,161,453	
Current Tax Assets	683,678,377		605,562,033	
Insurance Receivables	131,682,912		216,206,438	
Other Assets	165,254,224		537,555,037	
Other Financial Assets	269,373,934		380,036,959	
Cash and Cash Equivalent	816,755,243		1,471,215,979	
Total Assets	30,077,097,110		26,573,321,755	
Equity:				
Share Capital	5,014,924,056		5,014,924,056	
Share Application Money Pending Allotment	-		-	
Share Premium	-		-	
Catastrophe Reserves	181,743,882		147,896,621	
Retained Earnings	322,871,842		532,770,188	
Other Equity	79,680,277		78,294,812	
Total Equity	5,599,220,057		5,773,885,677	
Liabilities:				
Provisions	38,291,009		38,291,009	
Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities	23,631,746,707		19,628,671,251	
Deferred Tax Liabilities	-		-	
Insurance Payables	57,603		57,603	
Current Tax Liabilities	-		-	
Borrowings	-		-	
Other Liabilities	545,128,886		678,615,896	
Other Financial Liabilities	262,652,748		453,800,319	
Total Liabilities	24,477,877,053		20,799,436,078	
Total Equity and Liabilities	30,077,097,110		26,573,321,755	

Note: Detailed interim report has been published in company website.
* The figures has been restated/regrouped as per the requirement
* Foreign Employment premium may subject to change based on allocation from Foreign Employment Pool Manager.

Disclosure as per Section 84(3) of Insurance Act, 2079

- Solvency Ratio related disclosure: The company has maintained solvency ratio of 1.57 (Regulatory requirement: 1.3) as per its latest approved Actuarial Valuation Report of FY 2081.82.
- Reinsurance related disclosure: The company has entered into reinsurance agreement with Domestic Reinsurers as per the NIA Directive to minimize its overall risks which is adequate based on companies risk exposure.
- Details regarding legal proceeding: There are no legal proceedings against the company arising from activities other than those from normal business operations.
- Corporate Governance: The company has fully complied with the Corporate governance Directive issued by Nepal Insurance Authority.
- Regulatory limit on expenses ratio: The expenses of company is below the expense ratio as stipulated by Nepal Insurance Authority.
- The company had started Joint Operation as merged company from 2079/12/09. The company has complied with all the applicable laws, directives and circulars issued by regulatory authorities.

वित्तीय दृष्टि तथा निष्काशन नियमावली २०७३ को नियम २६ को उपनियम (१) को प्रयोजनका लागि

१. वित्तीय विवरण :

(क) त्रैमासिक अवधिको बासलात, नाफा नोक्सान सम्बन्धी विवरण : यस कम्पनीको आ.व. २०८२/८३ को त्रैमासिकको बासलात, नाफा नोक्सान सम्बन्धी वित्तीय विवरण यसैमा प्रकटित गरिएको छ।

कम्पनीले आ.व. २०८२/८३ को त्रैमास सम्ममा रु. ३४.०९ करोड खुद नाफा आर्जन गर्न सफल भएको छ। गत वर्ष सोहि अवधिमा भएको खुद नाफाको दायोमा यस समीक्षा अवधिमा मुनाफामा ०.९५ प्रतिशतको वृद्धि भएको छ।

कम्पनीले आ.व. २०८२/८३ को त्रैमास सम्ममा रु. १ अर्ब १५ करोड कूल ढाँची भुक्तानी गरेको छ। कम्पनीले आ.व. २०८२/८३ को त्रैमास सम्ममा रु. २५.६७ अर्ब लगानी गर्न सफल भएको छ, जुन गत वर्षको सोहि अवधिमा भएको कूल लगानी रु. २०.९६ अर्ब मा २२ प्रतिशतको वृद्धि हो।

(ख) सम्बन्धित पक्ष (Related Party) बीच भएको कारोबार सम्बन्धी विवरण :

समीक्षा अवधिमा प्रचलित नियम कानूनको अन्तर्गत रहि सञ्चालकसंग सम्बन्धित संस्थाका कार्यरत कर्मचारी तथा सञ्चालकसंग सम्बन्धित व्यक्तिको बीमा सम्बन्धि कारोबारको विवरण निम्नानुसार छः। सो नभएको।

(ग) प्रमुख वित्तीय अनुपातहरू :

बीमाद्वयी मूल्यांकन परन्तत प्राप्त हुने मुनाफा जोड्दा वित्तीय अनुपातहरू फरक पर्ने सक्छ।

प्रति शेयर आम्दानी (बार्किङ्ग)*	मूल्य आम्दानी अनुपात	प्रति शेयर नेटवर्क	प्रति शेयर कूल समितिको मूल्य
रु. ९.०६	४४.१६	१११.६५	५९९.७५

* प्रति शेयर आम्दानी गणना गर्न अन्तिम शेयर संख्या लिइएको छ।

२. व्यवस्थापकिय विवरण :

(क) कम्पनीको आ.व. २०८२/८३ को त्रैमासिकमा अवधिमा कूल बीमाशुल्क रु. ५ अर्ब ४९ करोड रहेको छ जुन गत आ.व. को सोहि अवधिमा प्राप्त कूल बीमा शुल्क रु. ४ अर्ब ७९ करोड तुलनामा १४.५४ प्रतिशतले वृद्धि हो। त्यसैगरी सकलित प्रिमियम तथा जगेडा कोषहरूमा रहेको रकमलाई दीर्घकालीन/अल्पकालीन मुद्रा बजारका उपकरणहरूमा लगानी गरी ब्याज आर्जन गर्न सफल भएको छ।

(ख) बीमा शिशा, बीमा संचेतना, बीमा विस्तार लगायतका काममा अग्रसर रही बजारको माग अनुसन्धान नयाँ बीमा योजनाहरू प्रस्तुत गरी समग्रमा वित्तीयहरूको हितलाई केन्द्रविन्दुमा राखी बीमा बजार विस्तार गर्दै सेवाग्राहिहरूलाई व्यावसायिक बीमा सेवा उपलब्ध गराउने कार्य जारी छ।

३. कानूनी कारवाही सम्बन्धी विवरण :

सो नभएको।

४. संगठित संस्थाको शेयर कारोबार सम्बन्धि विवरण :

(क) शेयरको मूल्य बजारमा हुने कारोबारले निर्धारण गर्दछ।

(ख) त्रैमासिक अवधिको शेयर कारोबारको विवरण :

अधिकतम मूल्य	न्यूनतम मूल्य	अन्तिम मूल्य	कारोबार संख्या	कारोबार दिन
रु. ४२०	रु. ३८२	रु. ४००.२	२२,७५,३६६ किता	५३

५. समस्या तथा चुनौती: जीवन बीमाक्षेत्रका मुख्य समस्या तथा चुनौतीहरू निम्नानुसार रहेका छन् :

- नेपालका सम्पूर्ण भूभागमा जीवन बीमा सम्बन्धि संचेतना फैलाउने कार्य भइरहेको भातापति देशको विकटतम भौगोलिक स्थितिका कारण छरे स्थानमा जीवन बीमा सम्बन्धि संचेतना कार्यक्रम, बीमा शिशाका कार्यक्रमहरू नियमित रूपले सञ्चालन गर्न अनुकूल नभएको कारण अर्क पनि जनमानसमा जीवन बीमा बारे जनचेतनाको कमी रहनु।
- निमित्त लगातार क्षेत्रहरू।
- अधिक तल्लो र आर्थिक सन्धिले अर्बतन्मा पारेको प्रतिकूल असरहरू।
- नयाँ योजनाहरू जारी गर्न अनुसन्धान तथा विकासको लागि पर्याप्त र अपावधिक तथ्याङ्कको अभाव।
- जीवन बीमा व्यवसायमा व्यवसायिक अवधारणाको विकास द्रुत गतिमा हुन नसकेको।

६. संस्थागत सुशासन :

विद्यमान ऐन कानून तथा नियमन तिकायवाट जारी गरिएका निर्देशनको पालना गर्नुको साथै कम्पनीको सञ्चालक समितिले समय समयमा निर्णय गरी लागू गरे का विभिन्न मिति नियमहरू चर्मात्रिम व्यवसायिक सुशासन तथा पारदर्शिताका आधारमा आफ्नो कार्यसम्पादन गरिराएको छ। साथै कम्पनीका सञ्चालक एवं व्यवस्थापन तहका पदाधिकारीहरू रहने गरी लेखापरिक्षण समिति, आर्थिक समिति, लगानी समिति, मानव संसाधन समिति, जोषिम व्यवस्थापन समिति, ढाँची भुक्तानी समिति, वित्तीय सल्लेन्धी र पुनर्बीमा समिति, कर्मचारी सम्बन्ध समिति र आवश्यकता अनुसार सञ्चालक र व्यवस्थापनका पदाधिकारीहरूको संलग्नतामा समेत विभिन्न समिति/उपसमितिको मार्फत सामूहिक रूपमा निर्णयहरू गरी जोषिमलाई कम गर्ने, उच्चस्तरीय तथा आधुनिक सूचना प्रविधिको उपयोग गरी स्वतन्त्र रूपमा नियमित आन्तरिक लेखापरिक्षण गरी आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणालीलाई चुस्त बनाई संस्थागत सुशासनको पालना उच्च रूपमा गरिराएको छ।

७. सत्य, तथ्यता सम्बन्धमा कार्यकारी प्रमुखको उद्घोषण :

आजका मितिम्म यस प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेखित जानकारी तथा विवरणहरूको शुद्धता सम्बन्धमा म व्यक्तिगत रूपमा उत्तरदायित्व लिन्छु। साथै म यो उद्घोषण गर्दछु की मैले जाने बुझेसम्म यस प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेखित विवरणहरू सत्य, तथ्य र पूर्ण छन् र लगानीकर्ताहरूलाई सूचित निर्णय लिन आवश्यक कुनै विवरण, सूचना तथा जानकारीहरू लुकाइएको छैन।

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

Fig in NPR.

Particulars	Current Year		Corresponding Previous Year	
	This Quarter	Up to this Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Up to this Quarter (YTD)
Income:				
Gross Earned Premiums	1,808,089,265	5,496,239,652	1,595,426,296	4,798,514,354
Premiums Ceded	(46,721,223)	(178,629,497)	(55,266,476)	(146,876,486)
Net Earned Premiums	1,761,368,042	5,317,610,155	1,540,159,820	4,651,637,868
Commission Income	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Income	6,430,670	16,922,150	4,392,654	12,657,106
Interest Income on Loan to Policyholders	18,016,000	86,262,628	49,547,975	94,977,247
Income from Investments and Loans	360,503,873	1,136,396,634	395,060,957	1,187,725,736
Net Gain/(Loss) on Fair Value Changes	-	-	-	-
Net Realised Gains/(Losses)	38,838,385	69,934,217	18,935,271	173,576,547
Other Income	184,140	438,242	240,446	2,897,683
Total Income	2,185,341,110	6,627,564,027	2,008,337,123	6,123,472,186
Expenses:				
Gross Benefits and Claims Paid	368,005,747	1,159,232,339	398,596,316	1,296,875,714
Claims Ceded	(64,712,771)	(181,187,374)	(93,466,553)	(260,969,608)
Gross Change in Contract Liabilities	1,353,530,502	4,032,236,846	1,218,706,870	3,667,489,231
Change in Contract Liabilities Ceded to Reinsurers	(6,155,385)	(9,615,962)	(236,814)	(6,126,886)
Net Benefits and Claims Paid	1,650,668,093	5,000,665,850	1,523,599,818	4,697,268,451
Commission Expenses	172,227,262	541,062,913	158,328,342	468,829,337
Service Fees	13,210,260	39,882,076	11,882,985	34,887,284
Other Direct expenses	-	-	-	-
Employee Benefits Expenses	117,474,852	370,294,014	111,671,630	342,212,625
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	19,728,921	60,027,249	22,097,170	65,962,713
Impairment Losses	-	-	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	139,856,436	253,081,874	68,170,323	156,276,667
Finance Cost	8,037,718	24,077,440	7,492,900	22,478,700
Total Expenses	2,121,203,543	6,289,091,416	1,903,243,168	5,787,915,777
Net Profit/(Loss) for Using Before Share of Net Profits of Associates Accounted for Using Equity Method and Tax	64,137,567	338,472,611	105,093,955	335,556,409
Share of Net Profit of Associates accounted using Equity Method	-	-	-	-
Profit Before Tax	64,137,567	338,472,611	105,093,955	335,556,409
Income Tax Expenses	(532,300)	(2,385,965)	(873,822)	(2,101,129)
Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year	64,670,867	340,886,576	105,967,777	337,657,538
Earning Per Share				
Basic EPS	5.16	9.06	8.45	8.98
Diluted EPS	5.16	9.06	8.45	8.98

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Fig in NPR.

Particulars	Current Year		Corresponding Previous Year	
	This Quarter	Up to this Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Up to this Quarter (YTD)
Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year	64,670,867	340,886,576	105,967,777	337,657,538
Other Comprehensive Income	106,599,383	(32,401,545)	(13,366,725)	(54,292,770)
Total Comprehensive Income	171,610,250	308,485,032	92,601,052	283,364,769

OTHER INDICATORS

Particulars	Current Year		Previous Year	
	Up to this Quarter (YTD)	Up to this Quarter (YTD)	Up to this Quarter (YTD)	Up to this Quarter (YTD)
1. Total Inforce Policy count	520,917		705,816	
2. No. of Policies Issued During The Year	222,352		334,117	
3. First Year Premium (Including Single Premium)	1,552,048,565		1,319,878,899	
4. Single Premium	429,968,235		220,398,837	
5. Renewal Premium	3,944,391,087		3,478,635,655	
6. Total Benefits and Claims Paid in Count	9,300		7,931	
7. Outstanding Benefits and Claims in Count	4,542		4,605	
8. Gross Claim Outstanding Amount	336,891,530		353,814,353	
9. Declared Bonus rate (FY 2081/82)	Rs. 19-75 Per Thousand		Rs. 19-75 Per Thousand	
10. Interim bonus rate	Rs. 19-75 Per Thousand		Rs. 19-75 Per Thousand	
11. Long Term Investments (Amount)	13,401,660,700		12,457,630,628	
12. Short Term Investments (Amount)	12,265,596,093		8,501,857,627	
13. Policyholders Loan	1,837,358,855		1,453,439,964	
14. Investment in Cost Value	25,558,295,848		20,129,293,373	
15. Life Insurance Fund (Amount)	23,294,855,177		17,814,879,945	
16. Unearned Premium reserves for term policies (Amount)	203,311,998		459,228,356	
17. Solvency Margin Ratio (FY 2081.82)	1.57		1.46	

Sanima Reliance Life Insurance Limited
Statement of Changes In Equity
For Period 17th July, 2025 - 13th April, 2026
(For the Quarter Ended Chaitra, 2082)

Fig. in NPR

Previous Year

Particulars	Ordinary Share Capital	Preference Shares	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Reserves	Capital Reserves	Catastrophe Reserves	Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Reserves	Insurance Fund	Fair Value Reserves	Actuarial Reserves	Deferred Tax Reserve	Other Reserves (Regulatory Reserve)	Other Reserves (Employee training fund)	Non-controlling interest	Total
Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2081	4,184,000,000	-	-	-	1,242,258,268	-	34,493,523	120,121,225	7,380,576	-	4,923,879	-	25,223,300	-	627,480	-	5,112,620,286
Prior period adjustment*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2081	4,184,000,000	-	-	-	1,242,258,268	-	34,493,523	120,121,225	7,380,576	-	4,923,879	-	25,223,300	-	627,480	-	5,619,028,252
Profit/(Loss) For the Year	-	-	-	-	556,976,601	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	556,976,601
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax	-	-	-	-	(15,460,727)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,460,727)
i) Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Gains/ (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Exchange differences on translation of Foreign Operation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Changes in fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments	-	-	-	-	15,460,727	-	-	-	-	-	(15,460,727)	-	-	-	-	-	-
v) Revaluation of Property and Equipment/ Goodwill & Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
vi) Remeasurement of Post-Employment Benefit Obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Reserves/ Funds	-	-	-	-	(33,692,297)	-	-	27,775,396	5,555,079	-	-	-	-	-	361,821	-	0
Transfer of Deferred Tax Reserves	-	-	-	-	(1,468,678)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,468,678	-	-	-	-
Transfer of Depreciation on Revaluation of Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer on Disposal of Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer on Disposal of Equity Instruments Measured at FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Insurance Contract Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,914,654	-	-	-	-	-	13,914,654
Share Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	(4,134,432)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,134,432)
Others (Utilization of Reserves)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(193,453)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(193,453)
Contribution by/ Distribution to the owners or members	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Bonus Share Issued	830,924,056	-	-	-	(830,924,056)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Share Issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Cash Dividend	-	-	-	-	(396,245,218)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(396,245,218)
iv) Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
v) Others (to be Specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at Ashadh 32, 2082	5,014,924,056	-	-	-	532,770,188	-	34,493,523	147,896,621	12,742,203	-	3,377,807	-	26,691,978	-	989,301	-	5,619,028,252

Sanima Reliance Life Insurance Limited
Statement of Changes In Equity
For Period 17th July, 2025 - 13th April, 2026
(For the Quarter Ended Chaitra, 2082)

Current Year

Particulars	Ordinary Share Capital	Preference Shares	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Reserves	Capital Adjustment Reserve	Catastrophe Reserves	Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Reserves	Insurance Fund	Fair Value Reserves	Actuarial Reserves	Deferred Tax Reserve	Other Reserves (Regulatory Reserve)	Other Reserves (Employee training fund)	Non-controlling interest	Total
Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2082	5,014,924,056	-	-	-	532,770,188	-	34,493,523	147,896,621	12,742,203	-	3,377,807	-	26,691,978	-	989,301	-	5,619,028,252
Prior period adjustment*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2082	5,014,924,056	-	-	-	532,770,188	-	34,493,523	147,896,621	12,742,203	-	3,377,807	-	26,691,978	-	989,301	-	5,619,028,252
Profit/(Loss) For the Year	-	-	-	-	340,858,576	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Gains/ (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Exchange differences on translation of Foreign Operation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Changes in fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
v) Revaluation of Property and Equipment/ Goodwill & Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,401,545)	-	-	-	-	-	(32,401,545)
vi) Remeasurement of Post-Employment Benefit Obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Reserves/ Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of Deferred Tax Reserves	-	-	-	-	(37,231,987)	-	-	33,847,261	3,384,726	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0)
Transfer of Depreciation on Revaluation of Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	(2,385,965)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,385,965	-	-	-	-
Transfer on Disposal of Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer on Disposal of Equity Instruments Measured at FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Insurance Contract Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,161,390	-	-	-	-	-	29,161,390
Others (Utilization of Reserves)	-	-	-	-	(720,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(720,000)
Contribution by/ Distribution to the owners of the Company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,145,072)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,145,072)
i) Bonus Share Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Share Issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Cash Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	-	(510,418,970)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(510,418,970)
v) Others (to be Specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at Poush 30, 2082	5,014,924,056	-	-	-	322,871,842	-	34,493,523	181,743,883	14,981,858	-	137,652	-	29,077,943	-	989,301	-	5,599,220,058

Sanima Reliance Life Insurance Limited
Statement of Cash Flows
For Period 17th July, 2025 - 13th April, 2026
(For the Quarter Ended Chaitra, 2082)

Fig. in NPR

Particulars	Current Year	At the end of Immediate Previous Year
Cash Flow From Operating Activities:		
Cash Received		
Gross Premium Received	5,496,239,652	7,077,339,595
Reinsurance Commission Received	-	-
Claim Recovery Received from Reinsurers	181,187,374	363,044,495
Realised Foreign Exchange Income other than on Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-
Other Direct Income Received	16,922,150	17,433,736
Others (Other Income received)	438,242	64,044,809
	-	-
Cash Paid		
Gross Benefits and Claims Paid	(1,159,232,339)	(1,779,539,657)
Reinsurance Premium Paid	(178,629,497)	(257,512,886)
Commission Paid	(614,240,481)	(730,690,640)
Service Fees Paid	(43,930,353)	(79,593,151)
Employee Benefits Expenses Paid	(368,924,248)	(495,505,506)
Other Expenses Paid	(135,432,863)	(1,066,855,083)
Other Direct Expenses Paid	-	-
Others (Cash Balance transfer from Reliance Life Insurance Limited)	-	-
Income Tax Paid	-	-
Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities [1]	3,194,397,637	3,112,165,712
Cash Flow From Investing Activities		
Acquisitions of Intangible Assets	(67,800)	(305,100)
Proceeds From Sale of Intangible Assets	-	-
Acquisitions of Investment Properties	-	-
Proceeds From Sale of Investment Properties	-	-
Acquisitions of Property & Equipment	3,811,024	(17,815,974)
Proceeds From Sale of Property & Equipment	2,000,000	11,151,971
Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-
Receipts from Sale of Investments in Subsidiaries	-	-
Investment in Associates	-	-
Receipts from Sale of Investments in Associates	-	-
Purchase of Equity Instruments	(974,891,475)	(806,741,095)
Proceeds from Sale of Equity Instruments	69,934,217	211,720,104
Purchase of Mutual Funds	(120,244,479)	(74,445,758)
Proceeds from Sale of Mutual Funds	-	-
Purchase of Preference Shares	(234,301,800)	-
Proceeds from Sale of Preference Shares	-	-
Purchase of Debentures	(175,777,238)	(1,168,371,679)
Proceeds from Sale of Debentures	-	-
Purchase of Bonds	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds	-	-
Investments in Deposits	(2,861,451,443)	(1,298,563,722)
Maturity of Deposits	-	-
Loans Paid	(269,389,672)	(371,377,413)
Proceeds from Loans	-	-
Rental Income Received	-	-
Proceeds from Finance Lease	-	-
Interest Income Received	1,192,021,673	1,694,904,456
Dividend Received	30,637,589	11,189,349
Others (to be specified)	-	-
Total Cash Flow From Investing Activities [2]	(3,337,719,403)	(1,808,654,860)

Cash Flow From Financing Activities		
Interest Paid	-	-
Proceeds From Borrowings	-	-
Repayment of Borrowings	-	-
Payment of Finance Lease	-	-
Proceeds From Issue of Share Capital	-	-
Share Issuance Cost Paid	(720,000)	(4,134,432)
Dividend Paid	(510,418,970)	(396,245,218)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	-
Others (Balance transfer in Acquisition)	-	-
Total Cash Flow From Financing Activities [3]	(511,138,970)	(400,379,650)
Net Increase/(Decrease) In Cash & Cash Equivalents [1+2+3]	(654,460,736)	903,131,202
Cash & Cash Equivalents At Beginning of The Year/Period	1,471,215,979	568,084,777
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash & Cash Equivalents At End of The Year/Period	816,755,243	1,471,215,979
Components of Cash & Cash Equivalents	816,755,243	1,471,215,979
Cash In Hand	31,694,970	99,004
Cheque in Hand	47,974,390	-
Term Deposit with Banks (with initial maturity upto 3 months)	-	-
Balance With Banks	737,085,884	1,471,116,975

Sanima Reliance Life Insurance Limited
Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss
For Period 17th July, 2025 - 13th April, 2026
(For the Quarter Ended Chaitra, 2082)

Particulars	Current Year
Opening Balance in Retained Earnings	532,770,188
Transfer from OCI reserves to retained earning in current year	-
Net profit or (loss) as per statement of profit or loss	340,858,576
Appropriations:	-
i) Transfer to Insurance Fund	-
ii) Transfer to Catastrophe Reserve	(33,847,261)
iii) Transfer to Capital Reserve	-
iv) Transfer to CSR reserve	(3,384,726)
v) Transfer to/from Regulatory Reserve	-
vi) Transfer to Fair Value Reserve	-
vii) Transfer of Deferred Tax Reserve	(2,385,965)
viii) Transfer to OCI reserves due to change in classification	-
ix) Staff training fund	-
Prior period Adjustments.	-
Share Issuance Costs	(720,000)
Cash Dividend	(510,418,970)
Dividend Distribution Tax	-
Deductions:	
i) Accumulated Fair Value Gain on each Financial Assets Measured at FVTPL	-
a) Equity Instruments	-
b) Mutual Fund	-
c) Others (if any)	-
ii) Accumulated Fair Value gain on Investment Properties	-
iii) Accumulated Fair Value gain on Hedged Items in Fair Value Hedges	-
iv) Accumulated Fair Value gain on Hedging Instruments in Fair Value Hedges	-
v) Accumulated Fair value gain of Ineffective Portion on Cash Flow Hedges	-
vi) Goodwill Recognised	-
vii) Unrealised Gain on fluctuation of Foreign Exchange Currency	-
viii) Accumulated Share of Net Profit of Associates accounted using Equity Method included in Investment Account	-
ix) Overdue loans	-
x) Fair value gain recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss	-
xi) Investment in unlisted shares as per sec 16 of Financial Directive	(250,000)
xii) Delisted share investment or mutual fund investment	-
xiii) Bonus share/dividend paid	-
xiv) Deduction as per Sec 17 of Financial directive	-
xiv) Deduction as per Sec 18 of Financial directive	(22,097,355)
xv) Others (to be specified)	-
Adjusted Retained Earning	300,524,487
Add: Transfer from Share Premium Account	-
Less: Amount apportioned for Assigned capital	-
Less: Deduction as per sec 15(1) of Financial directive	-
Add/Less: Others (Retained Earning)	-
Total Distributable Profit/(loss)	300,524,487

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended Chaitra 30, 2082

1 Basis of Preparation

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2 Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements of the Company comprises of Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and Statement of Other Comprehensive Income shown as two separate statements, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) issued by the Nepal Accounting Standards Board (ASB) and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2006, directives issued by Nepal Insurance Authority and required disclosures as per Securities Board of Nepal. The format used in the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements and disclosures made therein also complies with the specified formats prescribed in the directives of Nepal Insurance Authority.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The term NFRS, includes all the standards and the related interpretations which are consistently used.

3 Use of Estimates

The preparation of these quarterly financial statement in conformity with NFRS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the reported balance of Assets & Liabilities.

This note provides a list of the significant policies adopted in the preparation of these Financial Statements.

(a) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

i) Recognition

Freehold land is carried at historical cost and other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation when, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and it can be used for more than one year and the cost can be measured reliably.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it meets the recognition criteria as mentioned above. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

ii) Revaluation

After recognition as an asset, lands and buildings whose fair value can be measured reliably, have been carried at revalued amount at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Valuations are being performed to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not materially differ from its carrying amount as at the reporting date. Valuation of the land and buildings are undertaken by professionally qualified valuers.

accumulated in equity under the heading of revaluation reserve. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit and loss. A decrease in the carrying amount as a result of revaluation, is recognised in profit and loss. However, the decrease is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.

Additionally,

Difference between depreciation on the revalued carrying amount of the asset and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred to retained earnings.

iii) Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment other than Freehold Land i.e. the Company's Freehold Building, Plant & Machinery, Vehicles & Other Assets is provided on "Straight Line Method (SLM)/ Diminishing Balance Method (DBM)" based on Useful Life estimated by technical expert of the management.

The Assets Useful Life/ Rate of Depreciation and Residual Values are reviewed at the Reporting date and the effect of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

Useful Life of Property, Plant and Equipment based on SLM/ DBM is categorised as stated below:

List of Asset Categories	Useful Life (In Years)	Rate of Depreciation (In %) for DBM
Land	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Buildings	20	5%
Balance as at Ashadh 31, 2081	Lease Period (10 Years)	10% SLM
Furniture & Fixtures	10	25%
Computers and IT Equipments	7	25%
Office Equipment	8	25%
Vehicles	10	20%
Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2081	4	25%
Restated Balance		
as at Shrawan 1, 2081		

iv) Derecognition

An item of Property and Equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no Future Economic Benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the Asset. Any Gain or Loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of Property and Equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the Asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

v) Impairment of Assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the Asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets. Assets that suffer an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. In case of such reversal, the carrying amount of the asset is increased so as not to exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had there been no impairment loss.

vi) Capital Work-In-Progress

These are expenses of capital nature directly incurred in the construction of buildings, major plant and machinery and system development which are to be capitalized. Capital Work in Progress would be transferred to the relevant asset when it is available for use. Capital Work in Progress is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

(b) Intangible Assets

i) Recognition

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and the related expenditure is reflected in Statement of profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Subsequent expenditure on intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

ii) Amortization

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. An intangible asset shall be regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on an analysis of all of the relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected generate net cash inflow for the entity.

Useful Life of Intangible Assets based on SLM/ DBM is categorised as stated below:

List of Asset Categories	Useful Life (In Years) for SLM	Rate of Depreciation (In %) for DBM
Softwares	5	20%
Licenses	License Period	License Period
Balance as at Ashadh 31, 2082		

iii) Derecognition

An Intangible Asset is derecognised when no Future Economic Benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the Asset. Any Gain or Loss arising on the derecognition is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the Asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

iv) Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that Intangible Assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

(c) Investment Properties

Cost Model:

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to PPE, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If PPE becomes an investment property, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under PPE up to the date of change in use.

OR

Fair Value Model:

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to PPE, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If PPE becomes an investment property, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under PPE up to the date of change in use.

The company does not have any property held as Investment Property as at financial year end.

(d) Cash & Cash Equivalent

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, Cash & Cash Equivalents includes Cash In Hand, Bank Balances and short term deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

(e) Financial Assets

i) Initial Recognition & Measurement

Financial Assets are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the Financial Instrument. The Company determines the classification of its Financial Assets at initial recognition.

When Financial Assets are recognized initially, they are measured at Fair Value, plus, in the case of Financial Assets not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the Financial Asset. Transaction costs of Financial Assets carried at Fair Value through Profit or Loss are expensed in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

ii) Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets carried at Amortized Cost (AC)

iii) De-Recognition

A Financial Asset is derecognized only when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the Financial Asset. Where the Company has transferred an Asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the Financial Asset. In such cases, the Financial Asset is derecognized. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the Financial Asset, the Financial Asset is not derecognized. Where the Company retains control of the Financial Asset, the Asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the Financial Asset.

iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred since the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Expected Credit Loss for Impairment of Financial Assets is applicable after implementation of NFRS 9

In accordance with NFRS 9 "Financial Instrument", the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) Model, for evaluating impairment of Financial Assets other than those measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL).

Expected Credit Losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

The 12-months Expected Credit Losses (Expected Credit Losses that result from those default events on the Financial Instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or

Full Lifetime Expected Credit Losses (Expected Credit Losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the Financial Instrument)

(f) Financial Liabilities

i) Initial Recognition & Measurement

Financial Liabilities are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the Financial Instrument. The Company determines the classification of its Financial Liabilities at initial recognition.

All Financial Liabilities are recognized initially at Fair Value, plus, in the case of Financial Liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the issue of the Financial Liability.

ii) Subsequent Measurement

After initial recognition, Financial Liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Method.

iii) De-Recognition

A Financial Liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing Financial Liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

(g) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position where there is legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

(h) Reinsurance Assets

Reinsurance assets are the assets which are created against insurance contract liabilities of the amount which are recoverable from the reinsurers. These assets are created for the Reinsurer's share of Insurance Contract Liabilities.

(i) Share Capital

Financial Instruments issued by the Company are classified as Equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a Financial Liability or Financial Asset.

(j) Reserves and Funds

i) Share Premium: If the Company issues share capital at premium it receives extra amount other than share capital such amount is transferred to share premium. The amount in share premium is allowed for distribution of bonus shares.

ii) Catastrophe Reserves: The Company has allocated catastrophe reserve for the amount which is 10% of the distributable profit for the year as per Regulator's Directive.

iii) **Fair Value Reserves:** The Company has policy of creating fair value reserve equal to the amount of Fair Value Gain recognized in statement of other comprehensive income as per regulator's directive.

iv) **Regulatory Reserves:** Reserve created out of net profit in line with different circulars issued by Insurance Board.

v) **Actuarial Reserves:** Reseserve against actuarial gain or loss on present value of defined benefit obligation resulting from, experience adjustments (the effects of differences between the previous actuarial assumptions and what has actually occurred); and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions.

vi) **Cashflow Hedge Reserves:** Is the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with all or a component of a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction, and could affect profit or loss. Reserve represent effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognized in other comprehensive income.

vii) **Revaluation Reserves:** Reserve created against revaluation gain on property, plant & equipments & intangible assets, other than the reversal of earlier revaluation losses charged to profit or loss.

viii) **Other Reserves:** Reserve other than above reserves, for e.g. deferred tax reserve, others (to be specified)

(k) Insurance Contract Liabilities

i) Provision for unearned premiums

Unearned premiums reserve represents the portion of the premium written in the year but relating to the unexpired term of coverage.

ii) Outstanding claims provisions

Outstanding claims provisions are based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the statement of financial position date, whether reported or not, together with related claims handling costs.

iii) Unapportioned surplus

Unapportioned surplus where the amount are yet to be allocated or distributed to either policyholders or shareholders by the end of the financial period, and held within the insurance contract liabilities.

Liability adequacy

At each reporting date, the Company reviews its unexpired risk and a liability adequacy test is performed to determine whether there is any overall excess of expected claims and deferred acquisition costs over unearned premiums. The calculation uses current estimates of future contractual cash flows after taking account of the investment return expected to arise on assets relating to the relevant life insurance technical provisions. If these estimates show that the carrying amount of the unearned premiums is inadequate, the deficiency is recognized in the statement of profit or loss by setting up a provision for liability.

4 Changes in Accounting Policies

Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices applied by the Company in preparing and presenting financial statements. The Company is permitted to change an accounting policy only if the change is required by a standard or interpretation; or results in the Financial Statements providing reliable and more relevant information about the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the entity's financial position, financial performance, or cash flows.